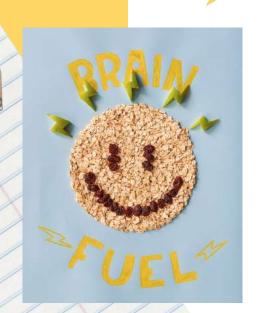


FOOD = FUEL



OUR BRAIN USES AROUND 20% OF ALL OUR ENERGY.

SO KNOWING WHICH FOODS KEEP US PROPERLY FUELLED IS REALLY IMPORTANT

WHAT'S THE BEST WAY TO FUEL OUR BRAIN FOR EXAMS?



The best way to fuel your brain is to stay hydrated and eat a balance of ingredients across the day, from all the food groups.

Don't skip meals - eating a balanced breakfast sets you up for a productive day ahead.

Keep your diet varied and balanced, by choosing a wide range of vegetables, fruits, lean meats, fish, eggs, pulses, nuts, seeds, wholegrains and dairy foods across several days.





STARCHY CARBS

BALANCE YOUR PLATE Breakfast





BALANCE YOUR PLATE Lunch





BALANCE YOUR PLATE Dinner

SNACKS

DON'T GO HUNGRY

Healthy snacking can help keep energy levels up, maintain our focus, and provide a short break from studying - which is also healthy!

Swap snacks high in added sugar for nutritious foods such as fruit with nut butter, a bowl of yoghurt, a handful of unsalted nuts, or some popcorn.



GOOD MORNING, SUNSHINE!

HAVE YOURSELF A BETTER BREAKFAST

SWAP THIS



SUGARY CHOCOLATE CEREAL

FOR THIS



PORRIDGE WITH FRUIT & NUTS

- HEALTHY CARBS
- IRON
- PROTEIN
- PART OF YOUR 5-A-DAY

SWAP THIS



WHITE BREAD & JAM

FOR THIS



WHOLEGRAIN BREAD, NUT BUTTER & BANANA

- HEALTHY CARBS
 HEALTHY FATS
- PROTEIN
- PART OF YOUR 5-A-DAY

WANT TO KNOW MORE ABOUT HOW FOOD IMPACTS THE **BRAIN?**

We know that there are certain nutrients in food are key to brain development and help to maintain cognitive and brain function.

But what are they?



Brain activities that lead to knowledge, including all means and mechanisms of acquiring information

- memory, attention, language, attainment of information... WHAT NUTRIENTS
PLAY A ROLE
IN BRAIN
DEVELOPMENT
AND COGNITIVE
FUNCTION?

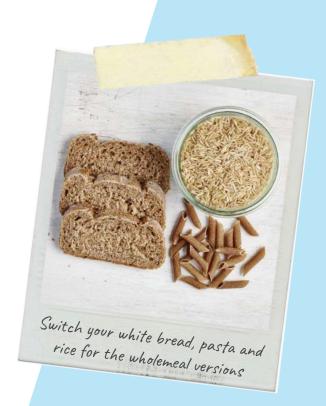


CARBS

Starchy carbs are the body's main source of energy. All of the cells in our bodies need energy to function, and our brain cells are no exception.

Opt for wholegrain varieties - the body's preferred source of
energy - for more fibre and nutrients. Go for wholemeal pasta,
wholemeal bread and oats, as these also contain iron and zinc,
which are important nutrients for cognitive function.

INCLUDE STARCHY CARBS IN YOUR BREAKFAST (PREFERABLY WHOLEGRAIN) SO YOU WON'T GET AS MUCH OF A DIP IN BLOOD SUGAR, HELPING YOU TO CONCENTRATE FOR LONGER!



IRON

We need iron to make haemoglobin, which is the oxygen-carrying component of red blood cells.

Haemoglobin transports oxygen from our lungs to every cell in our body. If we aren't getting enough oxygen then our bodies become fatigued and exhausted and this impacts everything, including brain function and concentration.

Vitamin C can enhance absorption, so try and eat with foods high in Vitamin C, like oranges, tomatoes and sweet potatoes.

OK, so which foods contain iron?

BEEF & LAMB

EGGS

OATS

SEEDS

pumpkin seeds sunflower seeds

WHOLEMEAL FLOUR

breads pasta

NUTS

almonds cashews

walnuts hazelnuts DRIED FRUIT

apricots raisins prunes

GREENS

spinach kale broccoli BEANS & PULSES

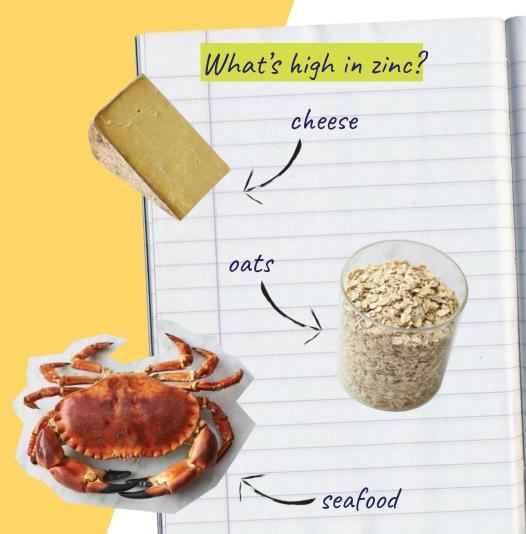
haricot beans
kidney beans
black-eyed
beans
broad beans
soy beans
lentils

IODINE

Iodine is essential in the production of metabolic hormones in the thyroid gland. These hormones are responsible for taking the food we eat and turning it into energy that our cells can use. They are key for the development of a baby's brain during pregnancy and early life.

If your brain cells aren't getting enough energy to respire and function, you aren't going to be working as efficiently as you could be. This is why eating in the first place is so important.

FORTIFICATION OF PLANT-BASED DRINKS ISN'T MANDATORY. AND IT'S COMPLETELY UP TO THE BRAND OR MANUFACTURER WHAT THEY FORTIFY WITH. SOME DON'T FORTIFY WITH ANYTHING, THOUGH MOST ADD CALCIUM AND B-VITAMINS. IODINE, HOWEVER, IS ONE OF THE KEY NUTRIENTS IN ANIMAL MILKS THAT NEARLY ALL PLANT-BASED DRINKS MISS OUT ON. SO VEGANS MIGHT NEED TO TAKE A SUPPLEMENT.



ZING

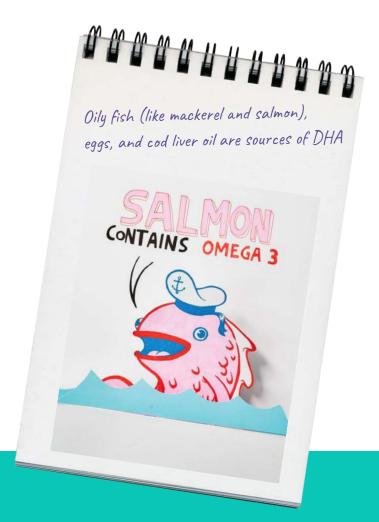
role in the metabolism, helping convert the nutrients in the food we eat so that our bodies can properly utilise them.

This includes the metabolism of carbohydrates, which our brains need to function properly. Zinc also plays a key role in the growth and division of cells, including our brain cells.



DHA is the dominant component of several fats in the brain, research is also showing that intake is associated with the protection of these cells to damage.

Because of this it is also essential for brain development, i.e. important during pregnancy and early years.



HIGH INTAKES OF DHA HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO ENHANCE LEARNING,
READING ABILITY, SPELLING, BEHAVIOUR AND ATTENTION

THE IMPORTANCE OF BREAKS & EXERCISE ZOE WILLIAMS









THE IMPORTANCE OF SLEEP ASON ELLIS

ALL ABOUT SLEEP

SLEEP IS IMPORTANT
FOR THE BRAIN TO
STORE & MANAGE
WHAT WE HAVE
LEARNT IN THE DAY

During sleep we produce hormones that help us keep fit and healthy, our bodies fight infections, and we regenerate any lost or damaged cells.

We also produce growth hormones while asleep, which is why sleep is especially important for children and young people. Sleep is essential for the brain, as this is the main time for us to store and process what we have learnt during the day.





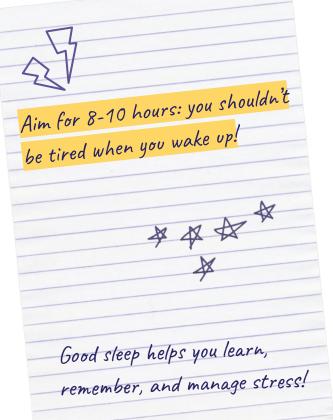
ALL ABOUT SLEEP

Young people need 8-10 hours sleep each night.

If you are hard to wake in the morning,
consistently sleep for longer periods at

weekends, feel sleepy during the daytime and find
yourself becoming moody and irritable in the late
afternoon and early evening, it's likely you
aren't getting enough sleep.

Good sleep is associated with increased strength, stamina and endurance - both physically and mentally - and is also associated with an increased ability to learn, remember, organise and manage stress.



HOW CAN WE GET BETTER SLEEP?

Set a regular sleep and wake-up time. This helps to regulate the body clock and sleep drive.

Keep the bedroom cool, dark, quiet and comfortable.

Light and noise stop the production of melatonin and can disrupt the sleep we get, even if it doesn't wake us up.

Keep daytime napping short (10-20 minutes), and avoid napping late in the afternoon

Try and avoid substances like caffeine and alcohol.

Exercise is very beneficial for sleep, The ideal times are either in the morning, or approximately 4 hours before bedtime.

Get natural daylight as soon as possible in the morning, this will help tell the body to wake up

Avoid eating a heavy meal, drinking lots of liquids or exercising for at least 2 hours before bedtime.

